

Internet

LBF/VAA011 Medicalbiophysics, biometrics and computer technology

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- **Computer network** - set of computer connected together
- main goal – share resources
- computers = nodes
- connection – wired or wireless
- **Internet** – global system, internet protocol (IP) network
- **IP address** – numerical label
- functions of IP address:
 - identification
 - addressing



■ IP v. 4

- 32-bit number
- dot-decimal notation e.g. 172.250.0.1
- only 2^{32} nodes
- dividing to two parts – network number position (subnet mask) and host identifier

■ IP v. 6

- most recent version (standard since July 2017)
- 128-bit number
- 2^{128} possible addresses
- eight groups of four hexadecimal digits
- 2001:0db8:0000:0042:0000:8a2e:0370:7334



- hierarchical decentralized naming system
- IP address → domain name
- domain name – `www.upol.cz`
- domain names – consists one or more labels divided by dot
- top-level domain
- hierarchy – from right to left
- **domain name**
 - top-level domains – managed by Internet corporation for assigned names and numbers
 - 1543 top-level domains (April 2018)
 - several groups of top-level domains
 - generic top-level domains (edu, com, net, gov, org, ...)
 - country code top-level domains (cz, fr, uk, us, ...)
 - infrastructure top-level domains
 - second level domains are managed by its top-level domain



- 1 Find your IP address
- 2 Find your network mask
- 3 Find your DNS gate

use cmd `ipconfig /all`

or

<https://www.whatismyip.com/>



Is dark web illegal?



- billions of websites
- **searching engine**
- `http://www.google.com`
- `http://www.yahoo.com`
- `http://www.seznam.cz`
- `http://www.bing.com`
- Encyclopedia – `http://en.wikipedia.org`

- when typing – Google suggestions
- Google is not case sensitive
- Google spell checker – Dog breads → dog breeds

Google – quick answers

- weather – “weather” or “weather Olomouc”
- dictionary – “define medicine”
- calculations – “1+1”
- unit conversion – “3 USD to EUR”
- sports – “Sigma Olomouc”
- quick facts – “Bart Simpson”





@	search social media
#	search hastags
-	exclude word from search
" "	search for an exact match
*	search wildcards or unknown words
..	search within a range of numbers
or	combine search
site:	search for a specific site
related:	search for related sites
info:	get details about site
and	combine search



- You want to purchase a DVD player
- you only want to spend between 40€ – 50€
- you do not want buy it on amazon

What would you type into the Google search box?



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What would you type into the Google search box?

buy dvd player 40€..50€ -amazon



- <http://ezdroje.upol.cz>
- informations used in science and research
- exclusively limited for academic needs
- outside of faculty you may need VPN (how to: <http://wiki.upol.cz>)
- **ScienceDirect** – more than 2500 peer-reviewed journals (Elsevier, Academic press, ...)
- **MEDLINE** – medical database

Use ScienceDirect and Medline and find out how many results you obtain for searching
ULTRASOUND

- 1 when you use it as key word
- 2 in title
- 3 restricted for year 2016



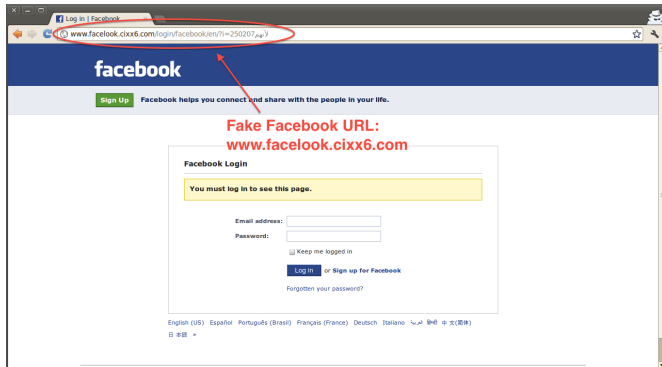
- branch of computer security
- possible threats:
 - malware
 - spyware
 - adware
 - phishing
 - computer virus
 - computer worm
 - etc.
- focus on prevention, real time protection

- general term
- short for malicious software
- goals:
 - disrupt computer operations
 - gather sensitive informations
 - gain access to private computer systems
- types of malware:
 - spyware
 - adware
 - phishing
 - Trojan horse
 - worms, viruses
- spreading:
 - running infected e-mail attachment
 - infected websites
 - program downloaded from internet

- gather information about person or organisation (without their knowledge)
- informations – browser history, personal informations like credit card informations
- **Keylogger** – records the keys struck on keyboard

- advertising-supported software
- generate online advertisements
-
- usually is not dangerous
- hidden in free softwares, browser plugins

- fraudulent attempt to obtain sensitive informations
- carried out by e-mails, instant messaging
- directs to fake websites (look and feel like legitimate site)
- difference – url of website





- can execute, replicate itself
- affected areas – "infected" with computer virus
- spreading:
 - e-mail – opening attachment
 - infected websites
 - connecting infected external storage
- modify or delete key functions
- copy, delete or encrypt data
- infecting other resources



- malicious software, look like a legitimate software
- they do not spread themselves, they carry other virus files
- steal users informations
- download malicious content onto infected system



- infects vulnerable computers in network
- they usually propagates to other computers without any user interaction
- they replicate themselves – eat up lot of system resources
- they do not need host files or programs to spread



- unsolicited (undesirable) electronic message
- usually advertisements
- e-mail, instant messaging, web search engine spam, ...



- software to get to the root of the computer
- gain admin access to computer
- phishing, social engineering attack

- threats to delete or deny access to data
- commands ransom
- very common
- carried out using a Trojan horses or computer worms



The screenshot shows a ransomware interface with a dark red background. At the top, a white padlock icon is displayed next to the text "Ooops, your files have been encrypted!". Below this, there are two sections with yellow text and a green-to-red progress bar: "Payment will be raised on 5/16/2017 00:47:55" and "Your files will be lost on 5/20/2017 00:47:55". Both sections show a "Time Left" of "02:23:57:37" and "06:23:57:37" respectively. The main text area contains sections titled "What Happened to My Computer?", "Can I Recover My Files?", and "How Do I Pay?". The "How Do I Pay?" section includes a Bitcoin logo and a text box with the address "12t9YDPgwueZ9NyMgw519p7AA8isjr6SMw".

Ooops, your files have been encrypted! English

What Happened to My Computer?

Your important files are encrypted. Many of your documents, photos, videos, databases and other files are no longer accessible because they have been encrypted. Maybe you are busy looking for a way to recover your files, but do not waste your time. Nobody can recover your files without our decryption service.

Can I Recover My Files?

Sure. We guarantee that you can recover all your files safely and easily. But you have not so enough time. You can decrypt some of your files for free. Try now by clicking <Decrypt>. But if you want to decrypt all your files, you need to pay. You only have 3 days to submit the payment. After that the price will be doubled. Also, if you don't pay in 7 days, you won't be able to recover your files forever. We will have free events for users who are so poor that they couldn't pay in 6 months.

How Do I Pay?

Payment is accepted in Bitcoin only. For more information, click <About bitcoin>. Please check the current price of Bitcoin and buy some bitcoins. For more information, click <How to buy bitcoins>. And send the correct amount to the address specified in this window. After your payment, click <Check Payment>. Best time to check: 9:00am - 11:00am

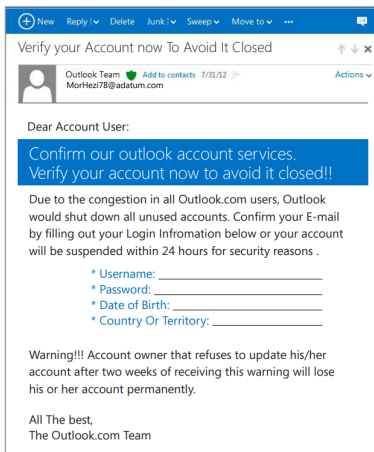
Send \$300 worth of bitcoin to this address:

bitcoin ACCEPTED HERE

12t9YDPgwueZ9NyMgw519p7AA8isjr6SMw Copy

[About bitcoin](#)
[How to buy bitcoins?](#)
[Contact Us](#)

This was a fraudulent phishing message from “Microsoft” to an Outlook user. Give at least two warning signs that it’s a hoax



- Use antivirus software
- Use firewall
- Keep your software up to date
- Back up your computer
- Use strong passwords
- Do not click on links within e-mails
- Minimize downloads
- Do not visit porn pages
- Think before you share anything
- Be aware of those around you
- Do not always trust what you see online
- Be cautious where you are on public wireless network
- Deleted data are not actually deleted



- software – prevent, detect and remove malware
- background process, which scanning devices
- basic functions:
 - scanning directories or specific files for known malicious patterns indicating of malicious software
 - scheduled scans
 - scanning in any time
 - remove malicious software
- free of paid license

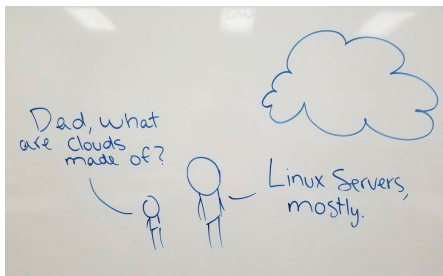


Choose any antivirus software
on web find which functions this software offers
find the price and if it has free licence

Backup



- archive files on other place
- restore data after loss event
- purpose:
 - recover data after their lost
 - recover data from earlier time
- Where we can store our data?
 - Storage media – USB, optical storages, hard disk
 - Network attached storages – NAS
 - Online backup storages (Cloud storages) – Dropbox, Onedrive





Find 5 **cloud data storages** find out their

- name
- free capacity
- price for more space

Find 3 **backup softwares** find out their name and price

Password



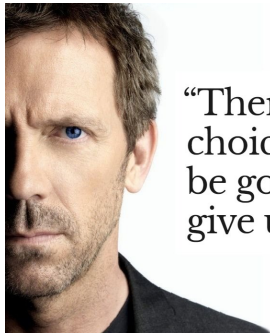
- word or string used for authentication
- poor passwords – easy to guess
- strong password – difficult to remember
- recommendation:
 - use strong password
 - use different passwords for different websites
 - do not share your password
 - do not write it down
- most common passwords:
 - the name of the pet or relative
 - anniversary date or birth date
 - birth place
 - name of favourite holiday
 - sports team
 - the word "password" or other common phrase such as "iloveyou"



Create secure password



- use **reminder sentence** for your unique password
- number word change for numbers
- take first letters of each word
- some word can be changed into symbols – "or" → "+"
- ta3citl:bggg+gu
- use **personal formula** – start with some root
- add number – root42
- capitalize one letter – rOot42
- this stay same for all your passwords
- for each web adapt root – facebook add F at the beginning



“There are three choices in this life: be good, get good, or give up.”

HOUSE



- generate random strong password
- password management app
- they offer:
 - storing password
 - generating passwords
 - automatically fills in passwords
- Examples: "KeePass", "Sticky Password", "LastPass"
- **LastPass:**
 - <http://www.lastpass.com>
 - all passwords are stored on web
 - access via single password



Create strong password you can remember

test its strong on web page

<http://www.passwordmeter.com>

test your current passwords



- **Brute force** – try all possible passwords
- common computer can try 588 234 passwords per second
- four digit pin code – 10^4 combinations, all possibilities $0.07s$
- average time is $0.035s$
- 8 character long lowercase password – 26^8 – in average 2 days (on supercomputer $1.8s$)
- upper + lower case – 52^8 – 1.4 years
- upper + lower case + number – 62 chars – 5.8 years
- upper + lower case + number + special symbols – approx 80 chars – 45 years (on supercomputer 4 days)
- 10 character long password – 3 years on supercomputer